

# **HOW TO CHOOSE THE** RIGHT COOKING OIL

Beyond a smoke point, consider these three primary cooking oil characteristics:



### Sometimes the oils rich flavor is desired for certain

FLAVORFUL VS. NEUTRAL OIL

compliments Asian cuisine. In other cases, extra flavor in the oil will muddle the final outcome of the dish. In these cases, opt for

neutral oils like peanut oil, vegetable oil, or canola oil. In addition to their flavor difference, neutral oils also tend to have higher smoke points, making them suitable for frying.



#### cold-pressed, raw, virgin, or unrefined. These oils tend to retain flavors, as well as beneficial minerals, nutrients, and enzymes.

After oils are extracted or pressed, they can either be bottled immediately or refined and processed.

**UNREFINED VS. REFINED OIL** 

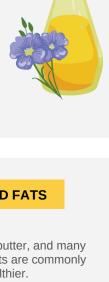
are best used for very low heat cooking or raw, like salad dressings or finishing drizzles. Refined oils are processed through filtering bleaching, or heating to remove the volatile compounds that break down in virgin oils. The resulting product offers a neutral taste, long shelf life, and high smoke point.

**OMEGA FATTY ACIDS** Certain fatty acids, including Omega-9 and Omega-3 fatty acids, are healthy for the human body. Oils

high in these beneficial fatty acids include avocado oil, flaxseed oil, and extra virgin olive oil. However, Omega-6 fatty acids (almond oil) can cause inflammation in the human body and should be consumed in smaller quantities.









butter or lard, which contain more saturated fat.





of oil and can range from relatively low 325F (160C) to very high 520F

WHY IS OIL SMOKE POINT IMPORTANT?



#### extremely hot wok. Smoking is a sign that your oil is breaking down. When oils break down, they can release chemicals that give food a burnt/bitter flavor, as well as releasing harmful free radicals. Before using any oil, make sure that its smoke point can handle the cooking

method you plan to use.

Smoking oil is sometimes inevitable, for example when stir-frying in an

**COOKING OILS** 

OIL SMOKE POINT



Sautéing,

sauces, and

Coconut

Oil

Comes in both

virgin and refined

options and is solid

at room

temperature.

Smoke point:

350F (177C)

Best Uses:

Thai and Indian

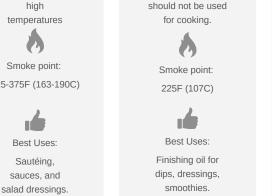
food, frying,

sautéing, and

### Flaxseed Oil Also known as Nutty, rich flavor and

linseed oil, has a

nutty taste and





## Finishing oil, marinades and dressings.

**Hemp Seed** 

Oil

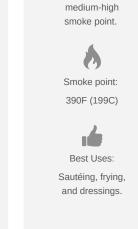
dark green color, but

too sensitive to be

heated, so instead

use it as a finishing oil

for soups and salads.



Grapeseed

Oil

Natural tasting

oil, versatile with



### **Peanut** Oil

Widely used in

Asian cuisine,

has a mild nutty flavour. Smoke point: 450 (232C)



Best Uses:

Frying, roasting, and

grilling





Africa, where it has been consumed for

thousands of years.





#### Avocado Oil Very versatile with a buttery

flavour.



India with a deep nutty

flavour.

Smoke point:

450F (232C)

Best Uses: Sautéing, roasting, and

baking.



Commonly used as a frying oil. This oil is





Smoke point:



Smoke point: 410F (210C)

Best Uses:

Asian,

Mediterranean,

and Middle

Eastern foods



Canola Oil



and best suited for frying and deep

frying.





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Sunflower

Oil

high in vitamin e.



